

UT TRIGA Control System Upgrade

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Overview

- History
- Motivation
- ICS Upgrade Program
- Current Status
- Questions



NETL ICS History

- 1st Generation GA Digital I&C integrated with analog safety system
- TRIGA Mark II construction 1989-1992, initial crit March 1992
- Compiled operating systems:
 - Operator interface: General Atomics software on a windows platform
 - Hardware interface: QNX
- Current system is original with a few peripheral upgrades
 - Tektronix recorder display relaced with a PC based emulator
 - RMS II & area monitors replaced with Ludlum, networked display
 - GA effluent monitor replaced with Canberra, networked display



Motivation

- Compiled drivers can't be updated
 - Windows XP
 - 250 MB max hard drive
 - OEM drivers for 1992 do not support current generation hardware
 - Additional operator computers & interfaces support networked displays
- Equipment is obsolete, critical components irreplaceable
 - Rod controls
 - Safety System
- We are a single failure away from a long shutdown
- Multiple annual requests for DOE NEUP support unsuccessful



Strategic Planning with Al

• A popular AI



• Just Kidding



Strategic Planning

- Search for Tech Support to rewrite software for changing drivers
 - QNX not interested
 - Austin's system integrators
 - On-site discussions
 - Declined to respond to request for proposal
- Continue requests for DOE NEUP support
- Develop a strategy to accommodate an alternate funding profile



Strategy for Alternate Funding Profile

- Develop an ICS upgrade program based on phased implementation
 - Implement phases as funds become available
 - Replace original GA software with configurable GA software
 - Replace obsolete GA equipment with current generation equipment
 - Address identified needs for improvements
- Identify potential funding sources



ICS Upgrade Program

- Overview
- Equipment Replacement
- Design for Optimization



Overview

- Fundamental goals:
 - 1. Control costs
 - 2. Improve long term viability (configurable software, COTS equipment)
 - 3. Minimize single channel failures that impact reactor operability
 - 4. Leverage experience at other facilities to support NRC approval (USGS, INL, AFFRI and BAEC [Bangladesh], and DOW)
- On request, Plantation Productions, Inc. submitted a proposal
 - Fleshed out a proposed phased-project
 - Accepted and initiated
- Initial intent for 10CFR50.59 route, but an LAR is required
 - Implementing SCRAM logic to prevent spurious shutdown
 - Opened consideration for optimization



Game Changer 1

With upgrade in progress, proposal to support the program accepted by DOE



Equipment Replacement

- Operating system hardware and software
- Nuclear instruments
- Balance of plant and rod control



Operating System Hardware & Software

- Next Unit of Computing (NUC) computers replacing 286 PCs
- Ethernet based data acquisition hardware replacing the Digital and Analog I/O running on an IBM-PC AT bus
- New LINUX & General Atomics software
 - Windows 3.0 replaced with Windows 10
 - QNX 4.25 replaced with a version of LINUX
- Replace Tektronics graphic and text display emulator with HD displays



Nuclear Instruments

- NM 1000 does not have a direct replacement, requires
 - NLW Wide range log channel with a compensated ion chamber
 - NLW will be configured to add multirange data display
 - NMP Multirange linear channel with a fission chamber (OBE)
 - NMP will be configured to add wide range log display (OBE)
- NP-1000, direct replacement with current generation (OBE)
- NPP-1000, direct replacement with current generation (OBE)
 - Integral pulse recording
 - LabMaster high speed recorder not necessary



Balance of Plant and Rod Control

- Replace Action Pak with COTS signal processing modules
 - Fuel temperature modules using current generation instruments
 - Water temperature modules with Ethernet based RTD module
 - New 'Magnet power ground' module
 - Isolation/converter modules for analog bar graph display
- Ethernet single-board computer for rod control



Design Optimization

- SCRAM
- Auto Flow (power level) Control
- Startup Channel(s)
- Process Instruments
- Data Capabilities



SCRAM Logic - 2 Channel Power Level Trip

- This will require a Technical Specification change
- Up to four channels will have SCRAM capability
- Prevent spurious SCRAMs
- Permit online calibration, testing and maintenance



Auto Flux Control

GA & QNX scan at 0.1 second intervals

- Reactor power can change significantly in less than 0.1 second
- NM at 0.2 sec., QNX scan 0.1 sec., delay in display and control
- Discontinuous jumps in power indication, lower operating power
- Time dependent power level for control rod calibration
- Options under consideration to improve response:
 - Exploit Linux capabilities for 25 ms scan time
 - Adjust controller time constants in new system, or
 - Develop single board computer using 40 ms rod drop timer, or
 - Develop an embedded system using analog signals



Startup Channel(s)

- Selectable startup channel (e.g., AFFRI)
 - Configurable for NLW or NMP
 - Limit single failure associate with startup channel
 - Channel sensitivity may require Technical Specification change
- Low count rate rod withdrawal interlock (RWI)
 - Automatic or manual channel selection for NLW or NMP
 - Explore integration with "pull and wait" option vice standard RWI



Pull and Wait Concept

(not considering interlock clear at adequate count rate)

1.0E+04 5.0E-03 4.0E-03 1.0E+03 3.0E-03 1.0E+02 2.0E-03 Core Power Level (W) 1.0E+01 1.0E-03 0.0E+00 -1.0E-03 -2.0E-03 -3.0E-03 1.0E+00 1.0E-01 1.0E-02 1.0E-03 -4.0E-03 1.0E-04 -5.0E-03 50 100 150 200 250 300 350 0 Time (s)

Power — React.

Pull and Wait Simulation (Max Reactivity Add. Rate)



Process Instruments

- Pool level measurement
- Conductivity continuous display
- Fuel temperature monitors for all available sensors



Improved Data Collection

- Isolated analog power level signal display and/or processing
- Auto-log records timestamped data changes (text file) 25 ms scan
- Post SCRAM data 25 ms
- Pulse data recorder
 - Increased sample rate by 10
 - Playback available on console
 - Record data in CSV file
- High speed recording (via pulse data recorder) on demand
- All files playback on TINA
- Pulse calculations include variable for fuel mass



Current Status

- Scope Revision
- Completed Work



Scope Revision

- UT Support had a hard expiration date
 - Negotiations with GA drove purchase past deadline
 - Funding for new NP, NPP and detectors was lost
- Add NLW to existing power level channels
 - NP/NPP need an interface ('Backpack')for ethernet connectivity: Digital signals and controls sampling 40 Hz
 - Backpack channel test lines compatible with current generation NP, NPP (*Current generation NP & NPP will essentially be plug and play*)
- NM-1000
 - Unfavorable 200 ms sample rate
 - Backpack configured to emulate NMP signals
 - 'Plug & Play' NMP when funds become available



Completed Work

- Phase 0 Public Meeting Complete
- GA Software license acquired
- Purchase initiated for Plantation Productions, Inc.
- Site Survey complete
- Initial design requirements complete (QA draft but fundamentally in use)
- TINA hardware installed
- Order placed for:
 - NMP-1000
 - Compensated Ion Chamber





Questions?



Phase 1: Overall System Requirements/Design

- System Requirements modeled on IEEE 830-1998 software requirements
- Software Requirements for GA software on CCS/UIT units
- Block diagrams
- External components list (to be supplied by UT)
- Preliminary list of hardware components
- Validation by UT NETL staff



Strategy for Alternate Funding Profile

The initial phase was in-progress, supported by other funds, at notification of a 2022-2023 NEUP award



Phase 2 : Design Test Platform

- Custom TINA (Testing, Instruction, No Atomics module)
- Simulation platform for software testing
- Playback system for operating system





Phase 3: Digital Data Acquisition Design/ Construction

- Fabricate 2 computer systems (one for TINA, one for console)
 - UIT
 - CCS systems
- TINA system build
- Integrate (watchdog and networking)
- Design DAC backplane & build DAC
- Fabricate single board computers



Phase 4: Software Porting

- Customize GA digital console software system for NETL
- Testing using the TINA platform



Phase 5: Installation

- Assemble hardware for parallel operation
- Assemble auxiliary rack
- Connect/Disconnect cables for:
 - Rod drive controllers
 - Analog circuits
 - Digital circuits
- Perform wiring
- Integrate and test
- Acceptance testing
 - Part I: Reactor secured, simulating signals
 - Part II: Reactor operating



Principle Quality Assurance Components

- VDD-2726, NETL Reactor Control Console Software and Hardware Update, Version Description Document
- RTM-2726, Requirements Traceability Matrix
- SQAP-2726, Software Quality Assurance Plan
- CM-2726, Configuration Management Plan
- etc.