Update on the GTRI (RERTR) Advanced Fuel Development Program

Monday, September 19, 2010

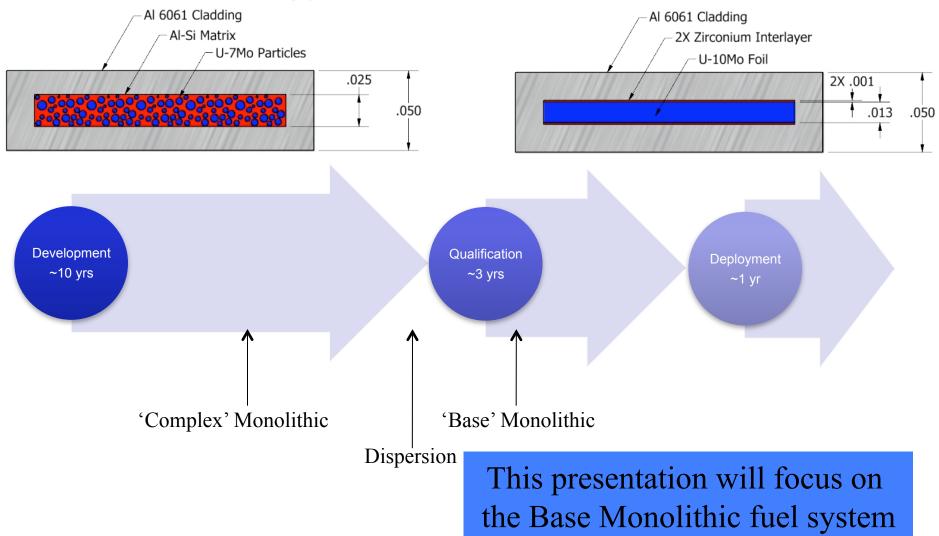
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Fuel Technology Development Timeline



Overview of Presentation

- 'Qualification' Program Plans
 - Material properties
 - Irradiation induced microstructural evolution
 - Engineering scale behavior
 - 'Off-normal' behavior
 - Fabrication technology scale-up and sensitivity studies

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Material Properties

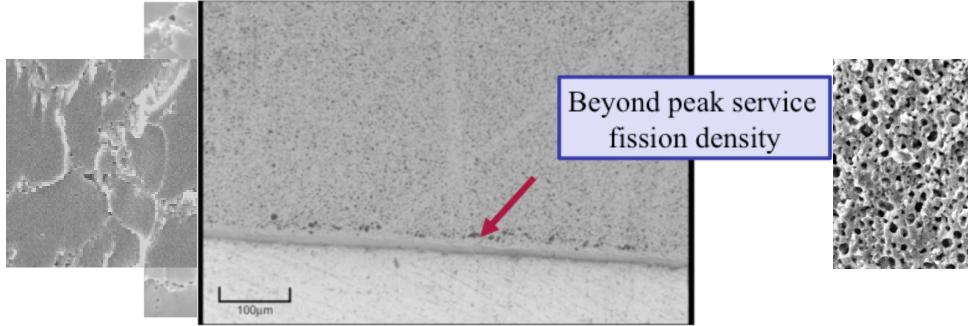
- Fuel properties are more important for monolithic fuel, therefore higher fidelity properties are important to maintain margin
- Fresh fuel
 - Literature review
 - Confirmatory testing using standard techniques
- Irradiated fuel
 - Very limited literature
 - Remote techniques, infrastructure under development

Microstructural Evolution

- Fuel phase response to irradiation
 - Alpha to meta-stable Gamma phase transformation (general irradiation stability)

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- Fission gas bubble morphology
- U-Mo/Zr interface stability



Inter

(L1P08T, RERTR-9B)

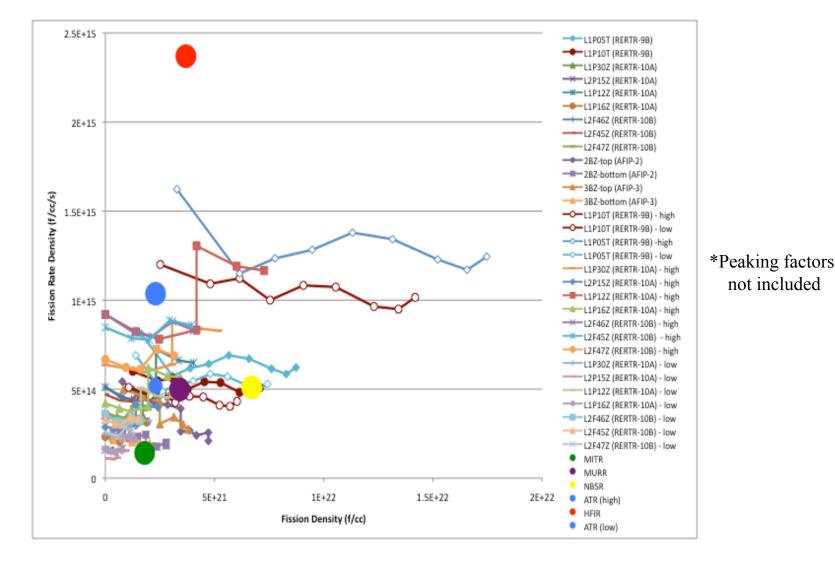
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Engineering Scale Behavior

- Fuel swelling
 - Dependence on temperature, fission density and fission rate
- Mechanical stability
 - Irradiation induced dimensional change
 - Hydro-mechanical forces
- "Prototype" demonstration

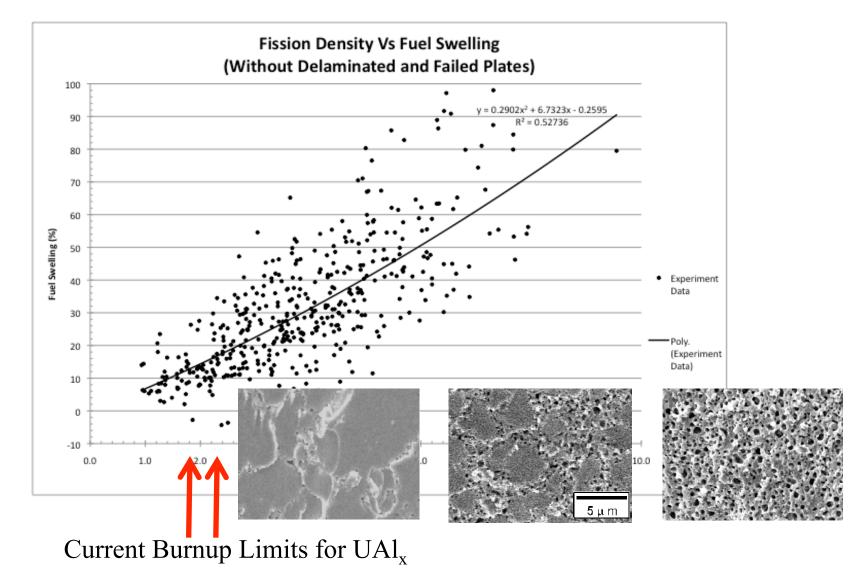


U-Mo Testing Ranges



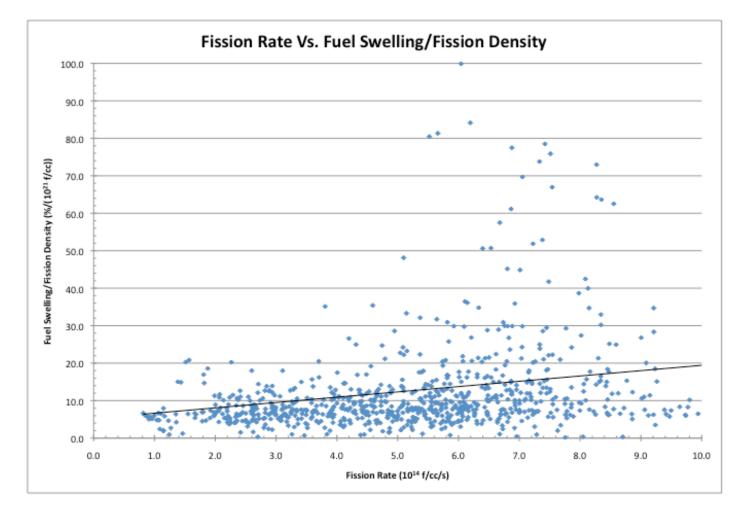


Fuel Swelling (as a function of fission density)





Fuel Swelling (as a function of fission rate)

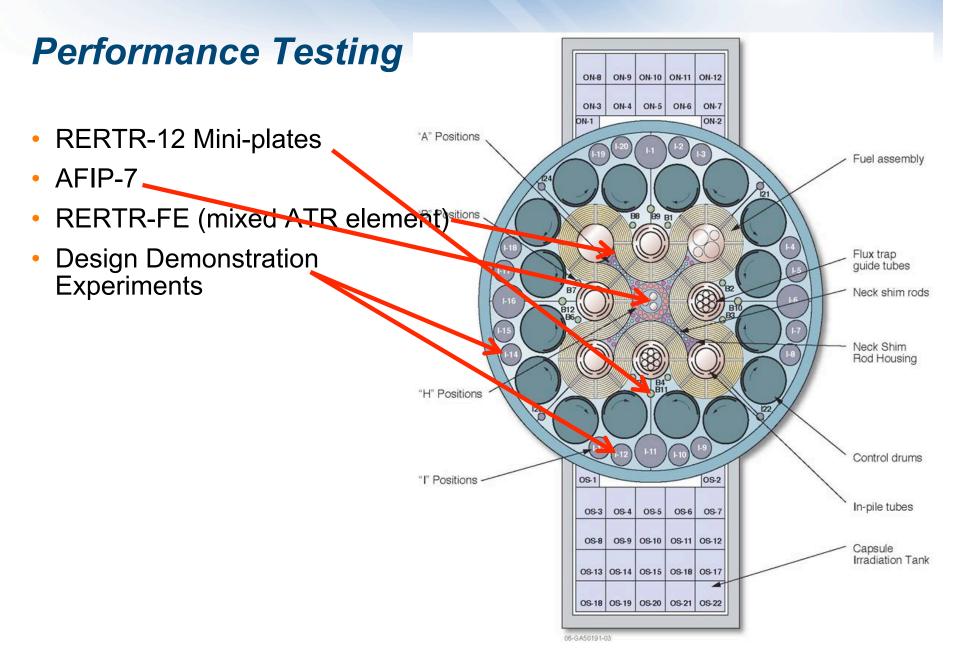


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Engineering Scale Behavior

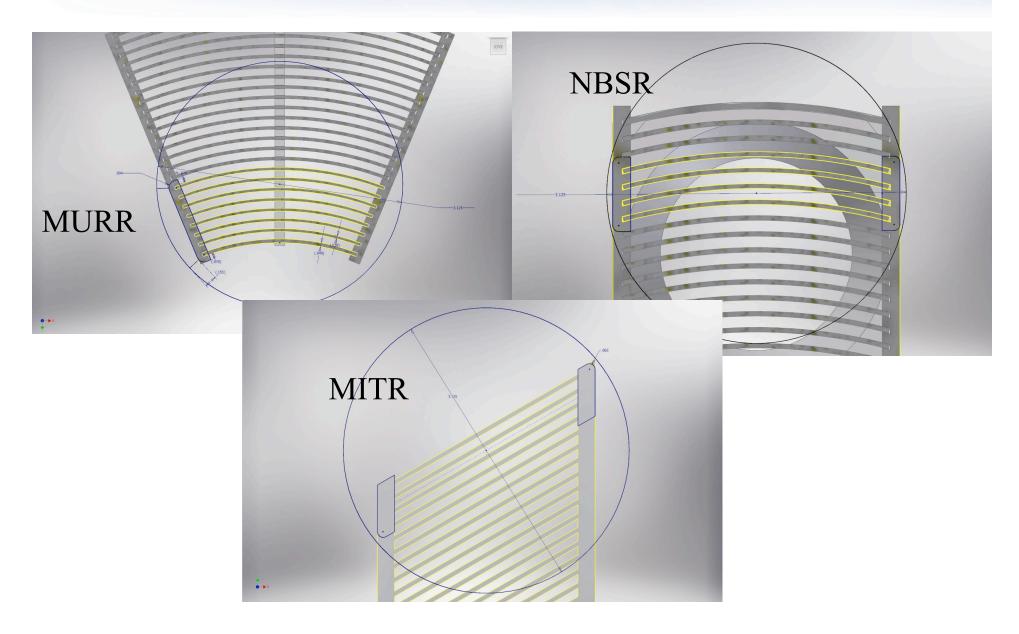
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Design Demonstration Exps. Conceptual Layout



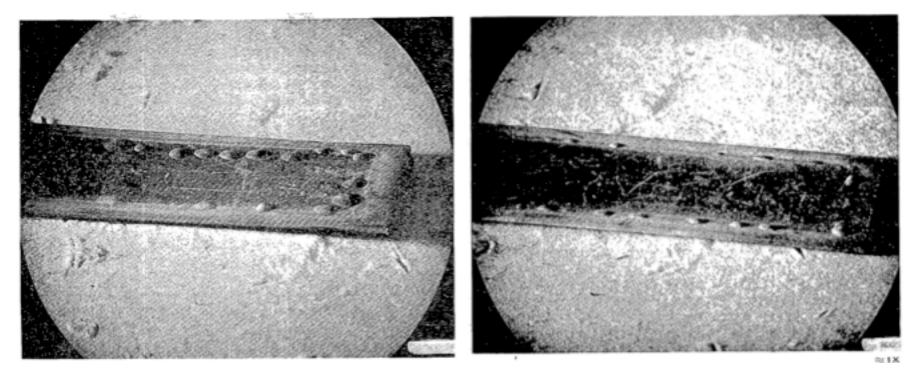


Blister Testing

- A measure of cladding integrity under off-normal conditions is necessary to support safety case analysis
- Irradiated fuel plates are furnace annealed at progressively increasing temperature until blisters form (considered a conservative approximation to in-reactor behavior)
- Preliminary studies are being performed on irradiated U-Mo miniplates



Blister Morphology



 UAl_x

 U_3O_8

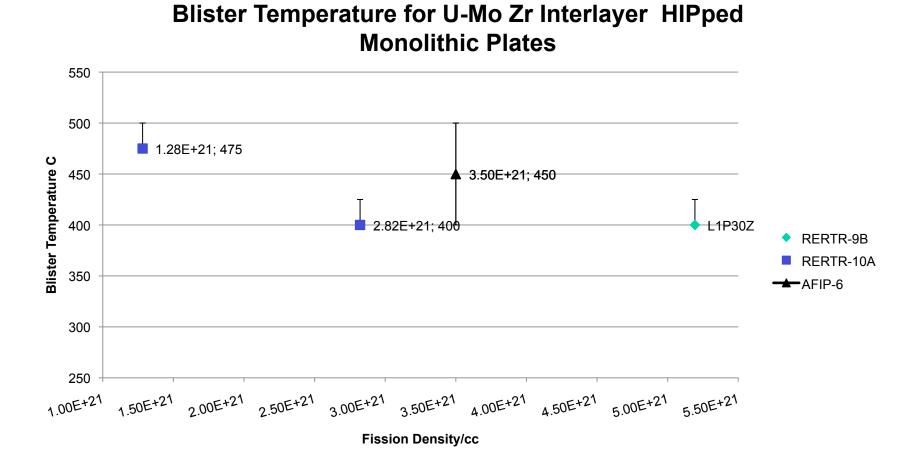


AFIP-6 Blister Morphology





Blister Threshold Data



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Conclusions

- The GTRI Fuel Development Program is actively pursuing the qualification of the U-Mo monolithic fuel system to support USHPRR conversion to LEU
- Qualification is focused on 4 key areas
 - Material properties definition
 - Microscopic fuel performance
 - Macroscopic fuel performance
 - "off-normal" performance limits

